

8 REASONS TO STAY BULLISH ON INDIAN EQUITIES

WHY INVEST NOW:

Following a year of price and time correction, Indian equities appear poised for a healthier second half—offering investors a compelling opportunity to raise equity exposure.



Macros are solid

- Inflation has fallen sharply with headline CPI printed ~2.1% YoY in Aug-25 (up from 1.6% in Jul but well below the 4% target midpoint).
- Forex reserves are near record highs at ~\$702 bn (week ended Sept 12, 2025), providing ample external buffer.
- Current Account Deficit expected ~1% of GDP in FY26 despite tariff/geopolitical noise, as exports improve and imports cool.
- Fiscal consolidation is on track: FY26 fiscal deficit budgeted at 4.4% of GDP; April–July FY26 deficit at 29.9% of budget estimates, consistent with back-loaded receipts/spends.
- **Balance sheets are healthier**: RBI's latest assessments highlight robust capital buffers, improving asset quality across FIs/NBFCs.



Growth momentum is improving

- Real GDP grew 7.8% YoY in Q1 FY26 (Apr–Jun 2025); manufacturing and construction both >7.5% YoY.
- Earnings: Q1 FY26 prints show Nifty profit growth ~8% YoY, with midcaps outpacing (+24%).



Valuations are reasonable

- Nifty's 12-month forward P/E is in the ~18.5–20x range, close to its 5- and 10-year averages.
- Index quality keeps improving with higher-ROE as lower-leverage franchises replace old cyclicals.



Exports & trade agreements

 Despite US tariff noise, talks have accelerated toward a US-India trade agreement (USTR announced Terms of Reference in April 2025).

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future. Source: Bloomberg, Reuters, RBI, prsindia.org, Ministry of Statistics Data as on 31st August 2025



Earnings revisions remain resilient

- Even with U.S. tariff headwinds, Nifty earnings projections remain broadly unchanged.
- Select sectors saw upgrades; a few heavyweight cuts kept the index-level path relatively stable.



Policy stimulus to consumption

- **Direct taxes:** Union Budget 2025-26 raised relief under the **new regime** and re-slabbed rates (no tax up to ₹12 lakh effective FY26 for many under the new regime, with higher standard deduction) **boosting household consumption**.
- Indirect taxes: The 56th GST Council approved a two-tier structure (5% & 18%) with rate reductions effective Sept 22, 2025.
- Rates: The policy repo is 5.50% and the RBI has maintained a neutral stance as inflation undershoots, leaving scope for easier financial conditions to keep supporting consumption.



Capex cycle is strong

• Central capex: FY26 budget estimates allocates ₹11.2 lakh crore (+~10% YoY), continuing the infrastructure push. States also get 50-year interest-free loans to spur state-level capex.



Heavy FPI Underweight Leaves Room for Flows

- FPIs have been net sellers YTD 2025 (NSDL) amid tariff and geopolitical volatility. This de-risking has left India heavily underweight in emerging markets, creating significant potential buying capacity if macro and earnings visibility stay firm.
- Meanwhile, domestic flows are resilient (SIP and equity MF inflows remain robust), providing a demand floor.

Source: Bloomberg, Reuters, RBI, prsindia.org, Ministry of Statistics || Data as on 31st August 2025



Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.